# The Renaissance of Professional Firms in 2020 and Beyond

**KEYNOTE SPEAKER PRESENTATION** 

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Executive Management Committee Member

Deloitte China



# Disrupted to disrupter:

The game changer of tomorrow's professional industry

# A whole new world









**Apple** 





**Twitter** 





**Glasses** 



# Items undergoing disruption...

# Kodak



























# 3D printing of organs



Princeton University researchers created a functional ear with a coil antenna, demonstrating an efficient method of merging electronics with tissue.



Surgeons at the Kobe University School of Medicine are using CT and MRI imaging to create life-size surgical models of patients' organs.



The Wake Forest Institute of Regenerative Medicine developed a 3D printer to deposit skin cells directly on a wound to speed healing.

# Outlook of 3D printing in medical devices

Driver		Trends	Impact	3D Printing Outlook
Increased Demand ~	~~	Medical device manufacturers seek greater precision and higher consistency to deliver high-quality products in response to customer demand	Low	3D printing will be utilized to enable a <b>faster response</b> to shifts in customer demand
INCREASED COGS	\$	Increasing costs of labor in Asia, rising material and distribution costs make custom medical devices expensive.	Low	3D printing is used for specialty manufacturing of customized medical devices
Consolidation		Mounting consolidation of manufacturers to grow market share and achieve economies of scale that preserves margins	Low	Medical device manufacturers and distributors adopt 3D printing and <b>absorb niche players</b> to diversify market offerings
SUPPLY CHAIN REDESIGN	O (0)	As medical devices adopt 3D printing for prototypes and final products, offshore manufacturing is reduced and inventory is minimized	Low	3D printing service providers stay closer to manufacturers, creating a leaner and more cost effective supply chain

Source: "3D Printing/Additive Manufacturing is Changing the Mfg Industry", 3D Innovations.com, March 1, 2012; Todd Grimm, "Is 3D Printing Ripe for Consolidation?". Engineering.com, March 1, 2012; "Medical Device Prototyping", Stratasys; "Global 3D Printing Market to Reach US\$2.99B by 2018", Global Industry Analysts, Inc., Jul 20, 2012

# Technologies, costs involved, key players and end markets

Technologies	Cost <sup>1</sup>	Key Providers	Select End Markets
Digital Light Processing	\$9,000 to \$14,000+	Objet/ Stratasys (U.S.), EnvisionTEC (Germany), DWS Systems (Italy), Lithoz GmbH (Germany)	<b># 6</b> %
Stereolithography	\$100,000 to \$500,000+	3D Systems (U.S.), Stratasys Inc. (U.S.) and CMET (Japan).	
Fused Deposition Modeling	\$9,500 to \$500,000	Stratasys (U.S.), 3D Systems (U.S.), and EOS (Germany)	
Direct Metal Laser Sintering	\$500,000 to \$700,000	EOS (Germany), 3D Systems (U.S.), Arcam AB (Sweden), Cubic (U.S.), Stratasys (U.S.)	<del>ک</del> 📺 🛧
Electron Beam Melting	\$800,000 to \$1.3 M	Arcam AB (Sweden), Stratasys (U.S.)	<b>₹</b>
Selective Laser Sintering	\$20,000 to \$1 M	3D Systems (U.S.), EOS GmbH (Germany).	<b># * *</b>
Plaster-based 3D Printing	\$15,000 to \$70,000	3D Systems (U.S.), Z Corporation (U.S.) <sup>2</sup>	<b>11</b> 📺 🖚
Powder Bed and Inkjet Head 3D Printing	\$15,000 to \$60,000	Z Corp. (U.S.), ExOne (U.S.)	Či 🛗 🛺
Selective Heat Sintering	\$13,000	Blueprinter (Denmark)	Limited information available
Laminated Object Manufacturing	\$95,000 to \$180,000	Helisys (now Cubic Technologies)	<b>愈</b> % •

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Cost shown above is that of the price of printers offered by leading players in that technology.

Academics

Aerospace & Defense

Architecture



**Consumer Goods** 



Jewelry

Medical

Packaging

Legends:









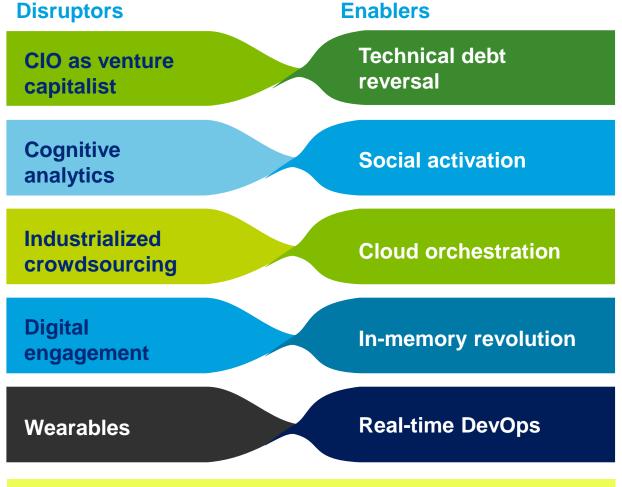






<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Even though Z Corp. was acquired by 3D Systems in early 2012, for the purpose of this deck, it has been considered as a separate entity, since the company has a huge base of installed printers and strong brand name.

# 2014 tech trends that inspire disruption





#### **Exponentials**

Artificial intelligence, robotics, cyber security, additive manufacturing, advanced computing

Source: Deloitte University Press, Tech Trends 2014: Inspiring Disruption, 2014

# Disruptive questions for the professional services industry

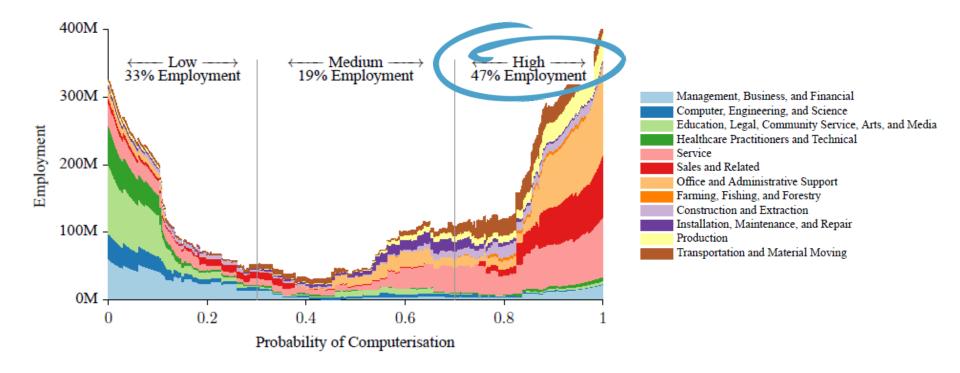
What are the disruptive threats to our business?

Are there any businesses we need to exit? Or enter?

What exponentials can be catalysts for disruptive business model?

# Employment in the 21st century

The distribution of BLS 2010 occupational employment over the probability of computerisation, along with the share in low, medium and high probability categories

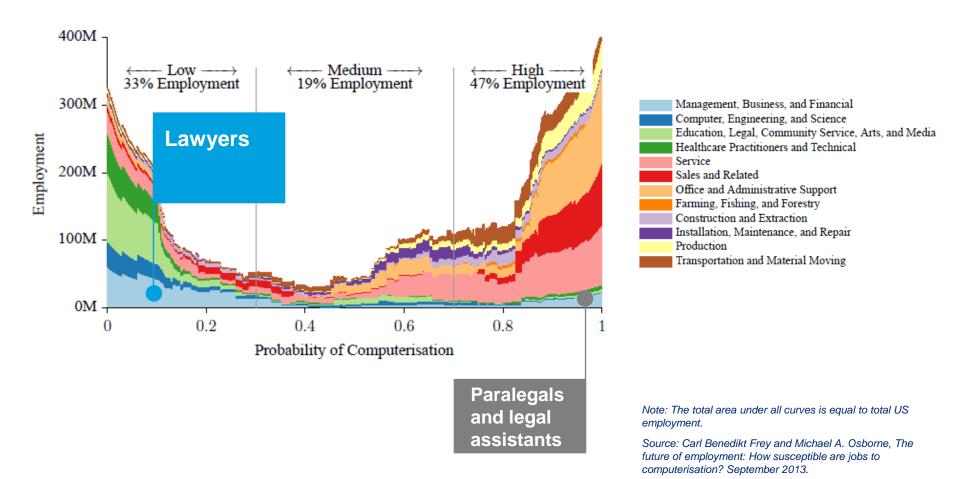


Note: The total area under all curves is equal to total US employment.

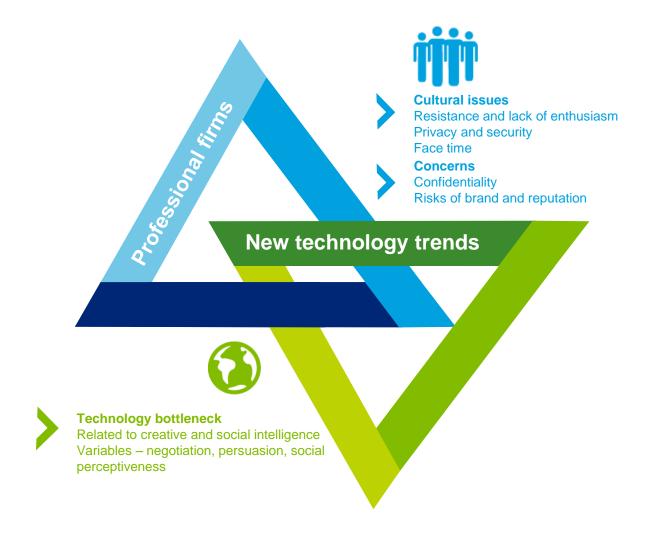
Source: Carl Benedikt Frey and Michael A. Osborne, The future of employment: How susceptible are jobs to computerisation? September 2013.

# Employment in the 21st century (cont'd)

The distribution of BLS 2010 occupational employment over the probability of computerization, along with the share in low, medium and high probability categories

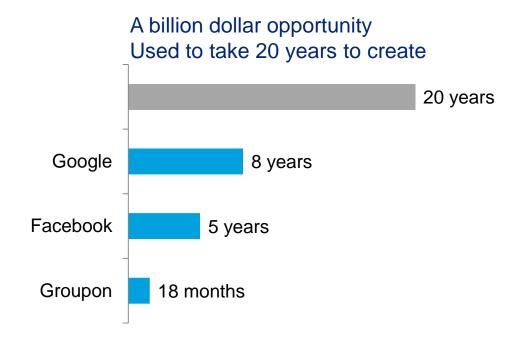


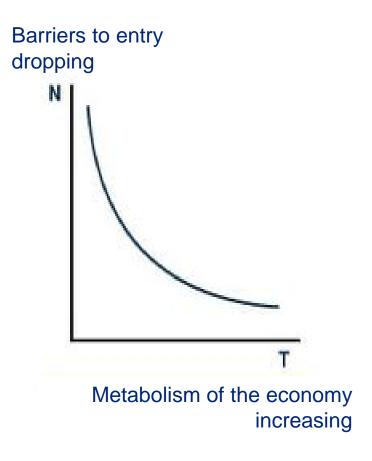
# Why adoption in professional services is slow



# Billion dollar companies

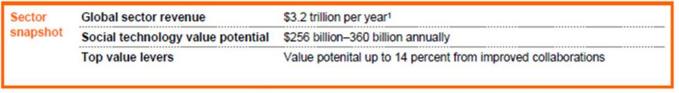
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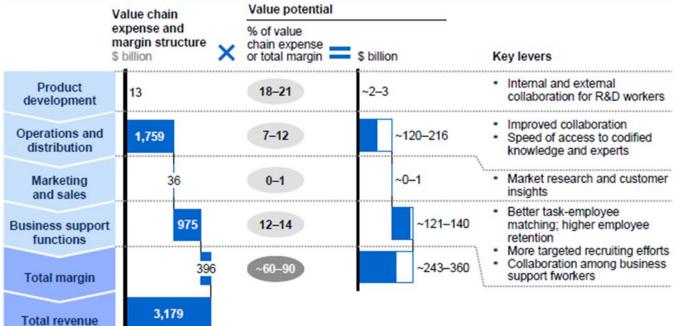




# Social technologies - value added potential for professional services

#### Global 2011





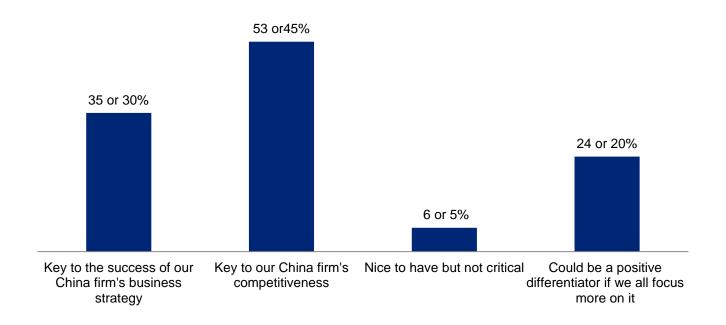
1 Hoovers, May 2012; US Census Bureau, Statistical Abstract of the United States: 2012, 131st Edition.

Note: Numbers may not sum due to rounding. Not to scale.

Source: Hoovers; US Census Bureau, Statistical Abstract of the United States: 2012, 131st Edition, Washington, DC, 2012; McKinsey Global Institute analysis

## Deloitte China: partners and directors' view on innovation

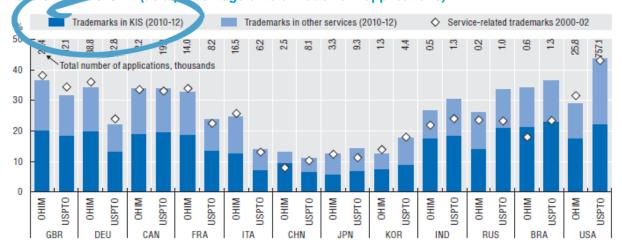
Polling – Which one of the following represents your current view on innovation?



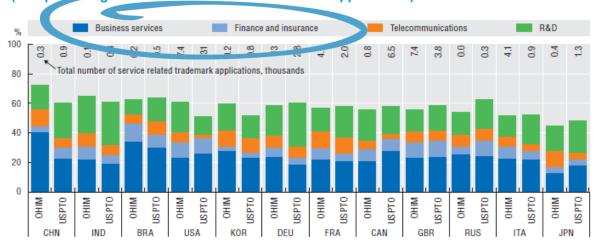
Among 118 respondents to our on-line polling, 75% agreed innovation is key to our success and key to our competiveness.

# Innovation snapshot via the lens of trademark registration

Service-related trademark applications at USPTO and OHIM by selected OECD and non-OECD economies, 2009-02 and 2010-12 (as a percentage of total trademark applications)



Trademarks in knowledge-intensive services, selected OECD and non-OECD economies, 2010-12 (as a percentage or total service-related trademark applications)



# Deloitte indirect tax: 12 months of change

#### Faster than ever

#### THE MARKETPLACE



Indirect tax rates going ever higher



Greater tax authority scrutiny

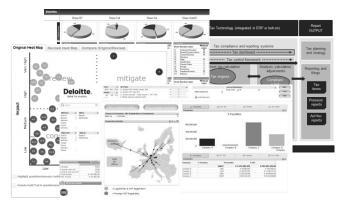


Desire to realize indirect tax savings



Appointment of global heads of indirect tax

#### **OUR ACHIEVEMENTS**



Deployment of five global technologyenabled service offerings



Aggressive technologydriven entrance into VAT refund market



Integration of VAT and CGT and teaming with Consulting and TMC

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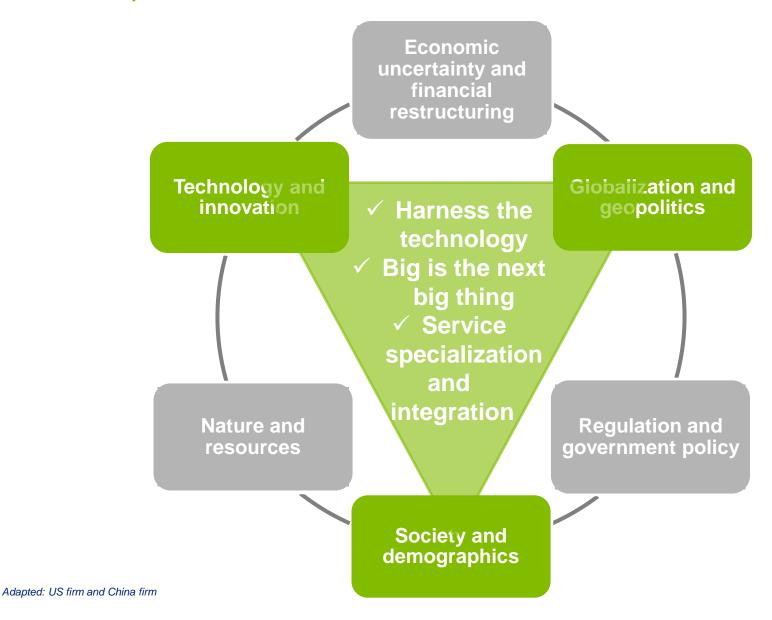


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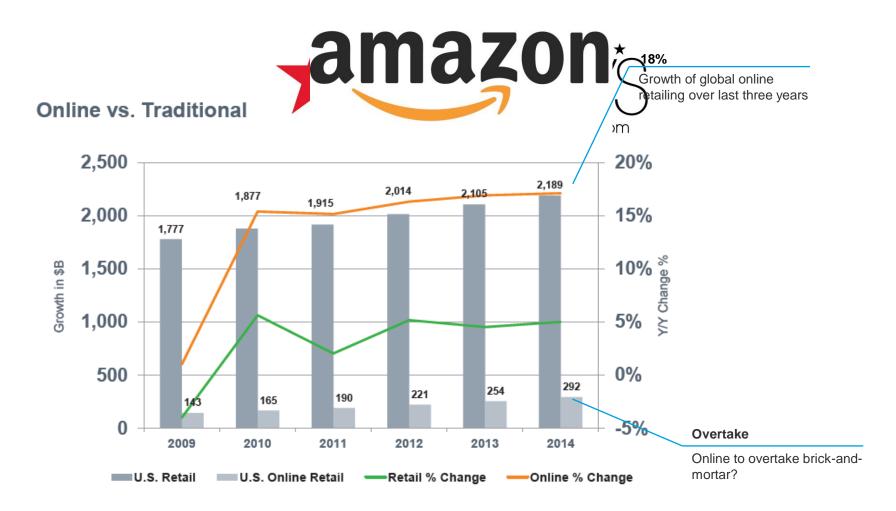
# Future of professional services



# Beyond the traditional profession:

The value of crossover

### Who moved the cheese?

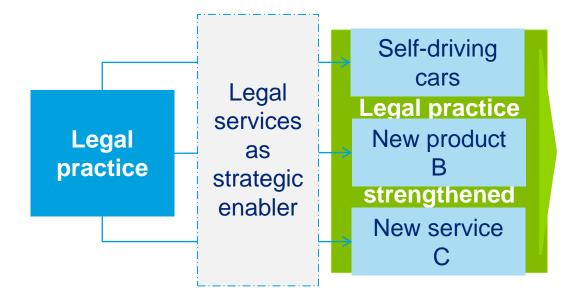


Excludes motor vehicles, gas stations, food and beverage stores, health & personal care, food services & drink places. Source: Citi Research; Department of Commerce

# Turn technology into business



- Impact only on automobile industry?
- What's in it for legal?
- What can we learn from this?



### Crossover collaboration

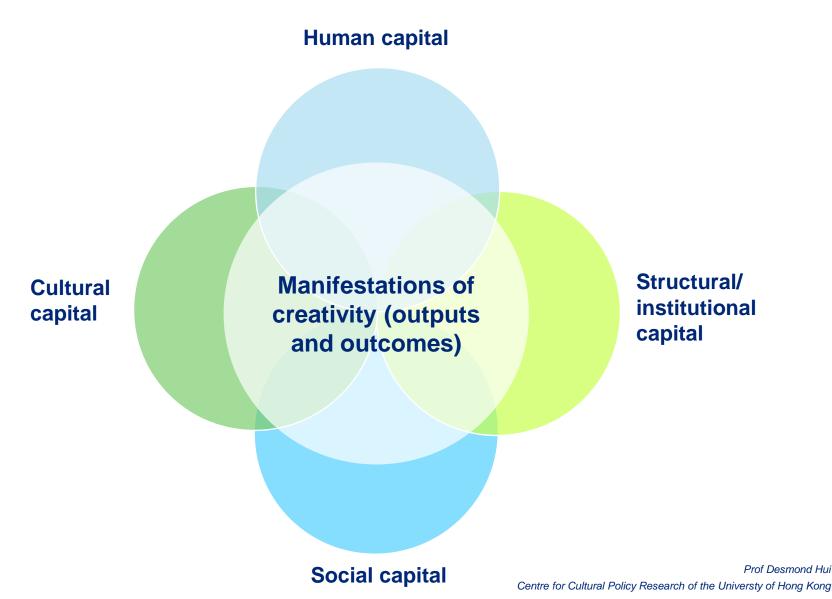


- Often based on exponential innovations
- Crossover by blurring and dissolving the boundaries
- Helps connect institutions and individuals
- Inspires new products, services, businesses, technologies
- Spurs further innovation and amplify

# Looking forward:

# Enablers of successful transformation

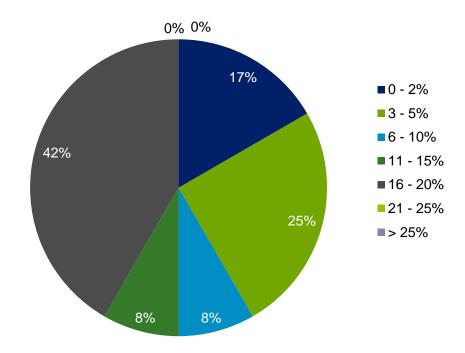
# Creativity Index – the 5Cs model





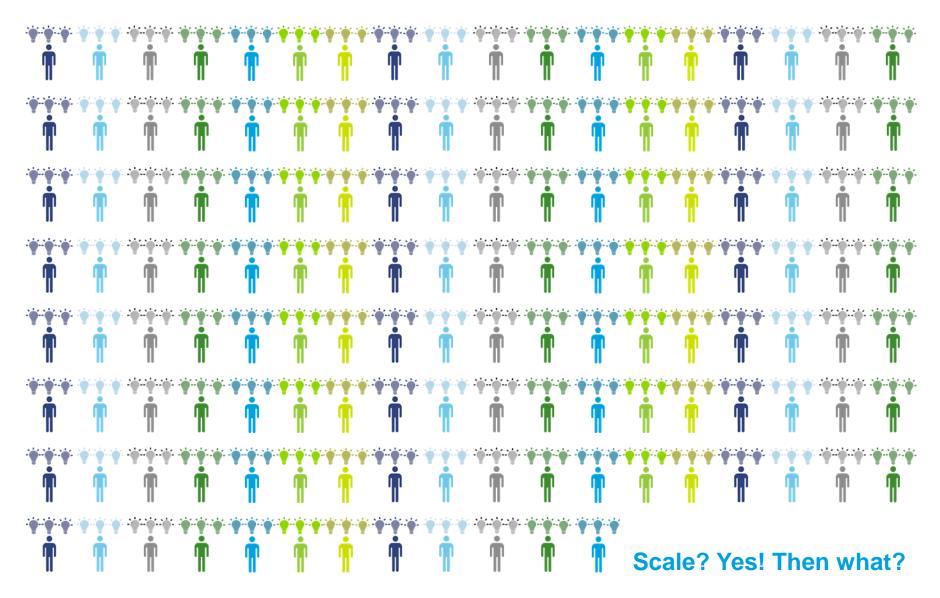
# Innovation is also driving our growth!

Among the Deloitte member firms which have established innovation programs, 42% earned 16-20% of their revenues from services and businesses created over the last five years.

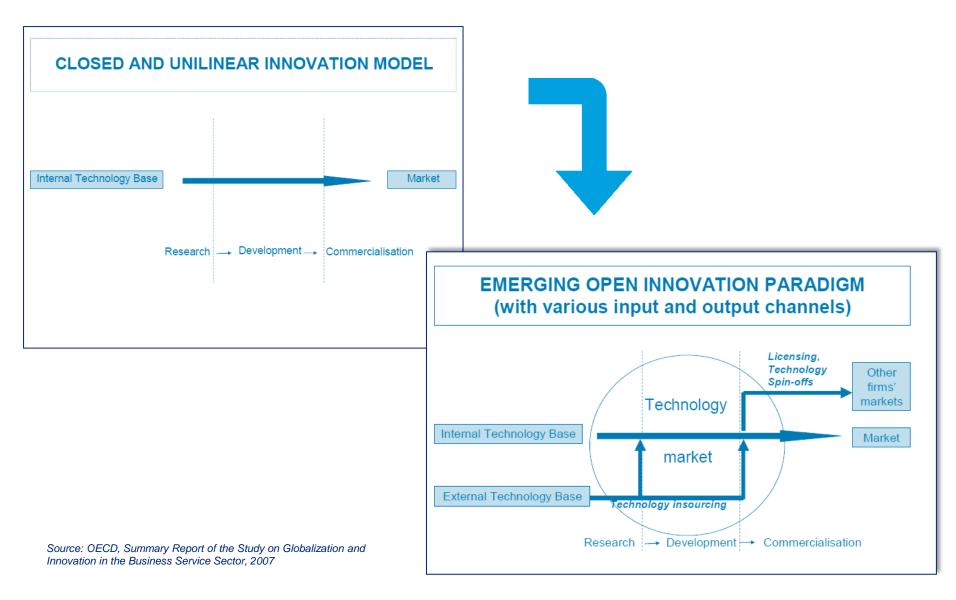


Source: Deloitte survey, October 2009

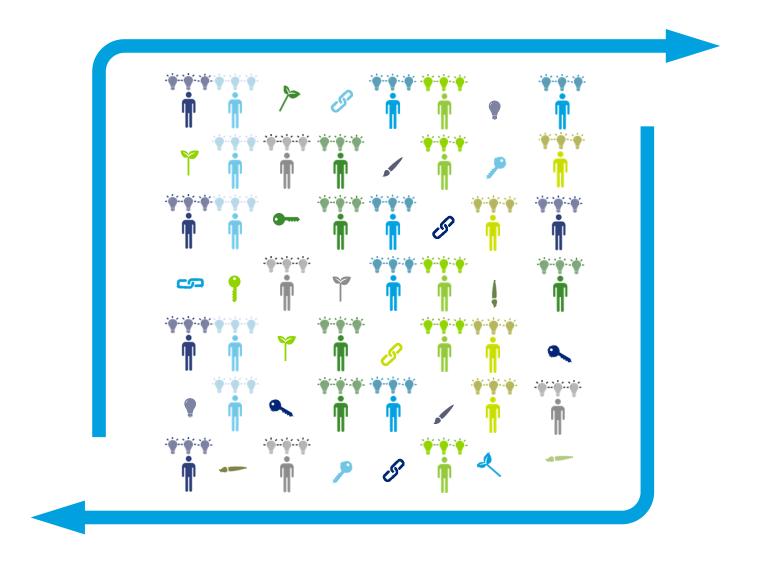
### Institutional and individual innovation



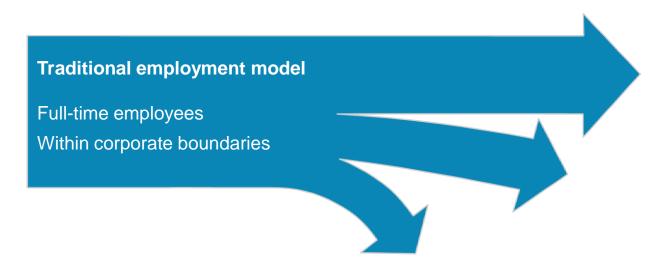
# A new innovation paradigm



# Open and exponential innovation



# The open talent economy

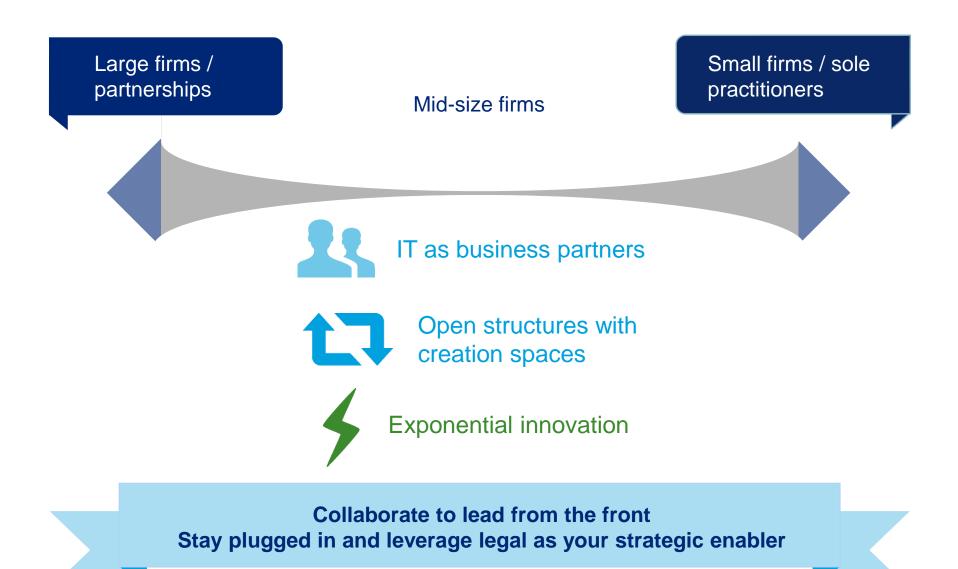




# From employee life cycle to talent ecosystem



# Disruptive business models





The definition of insanity is doing the same thing over and over again and expecting a different result each time.



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# WSG Asia Pacific Regional Meeting

**SHANGHAI**, CHINA





4 April 2014